Distributing Circuits Over Heterogeneous, Modular Quantum Computing Networks

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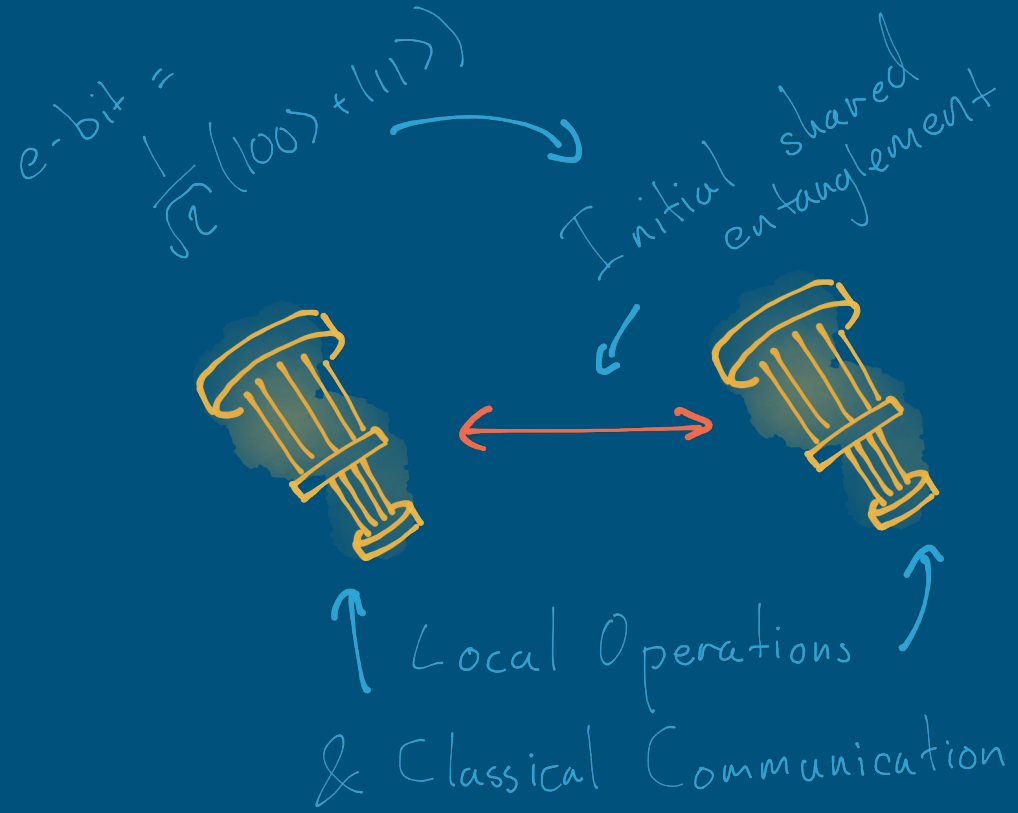
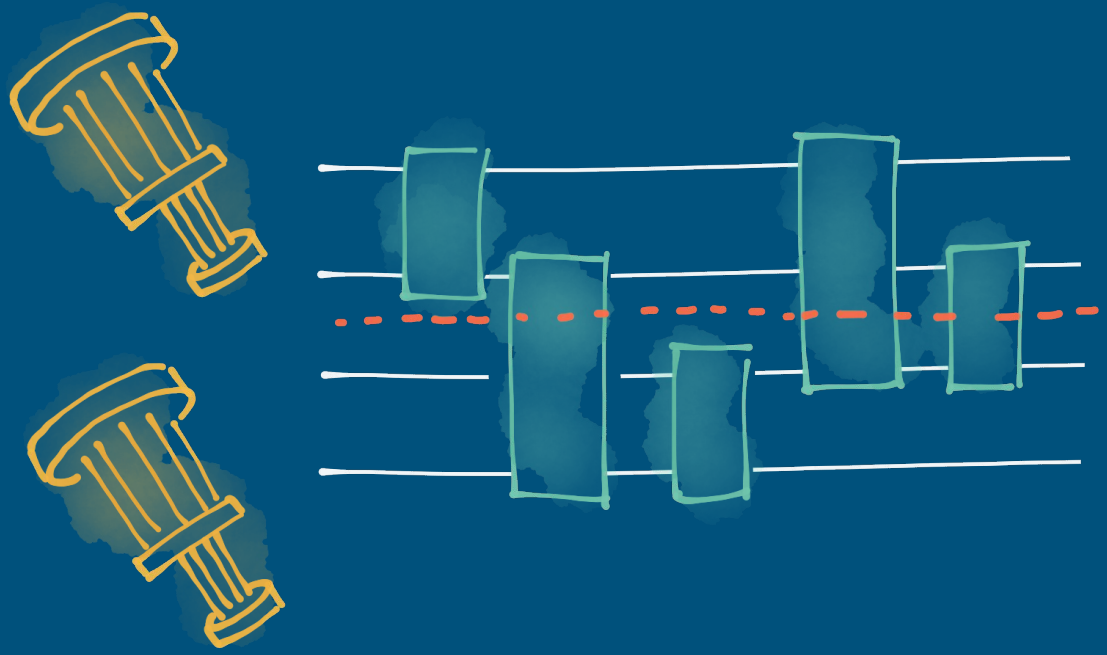
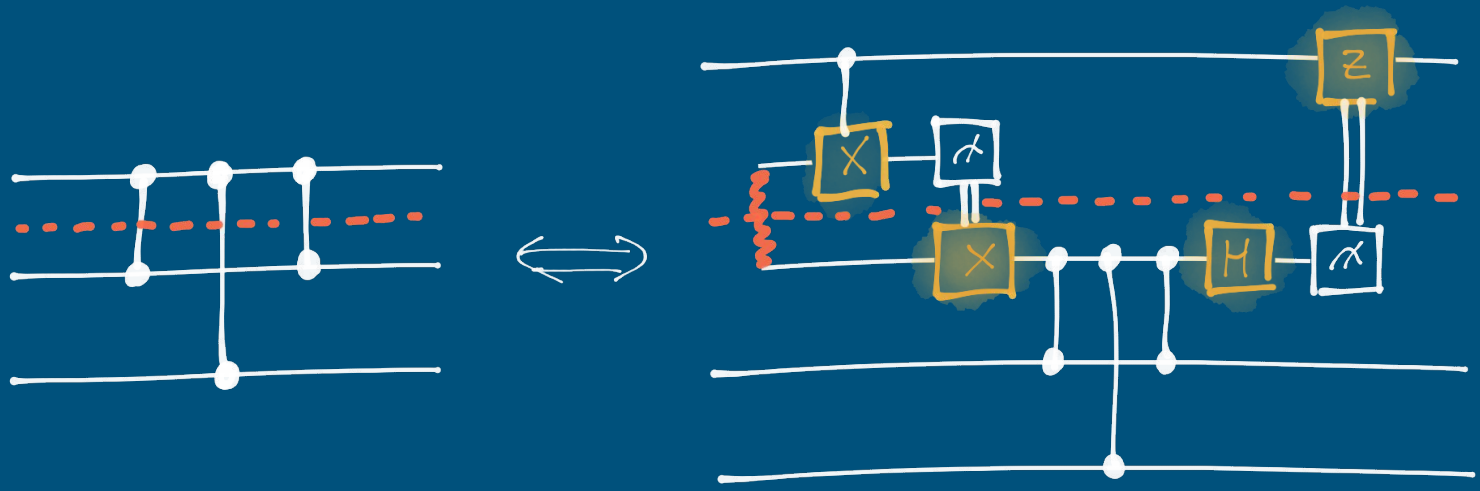
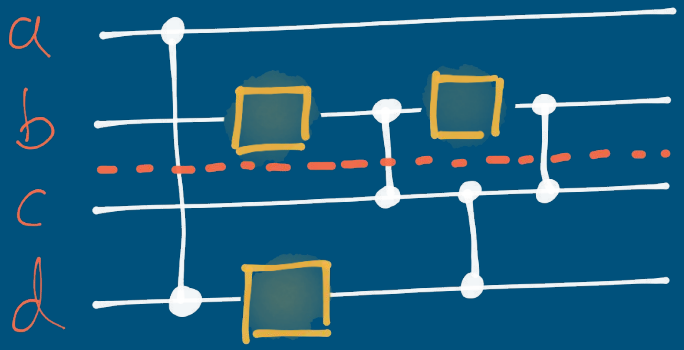
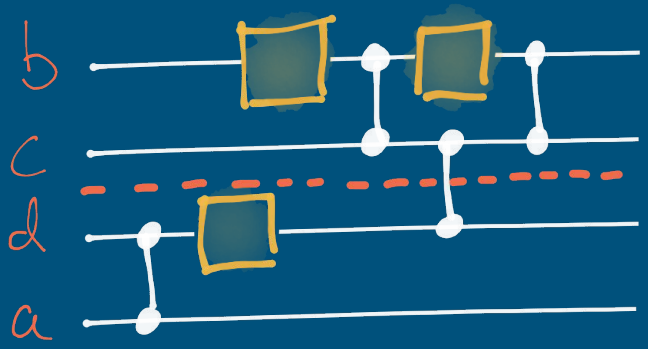

e-bit = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |11\rangle)$
Initial shared entanglement
Local Operations
& Classical Communication

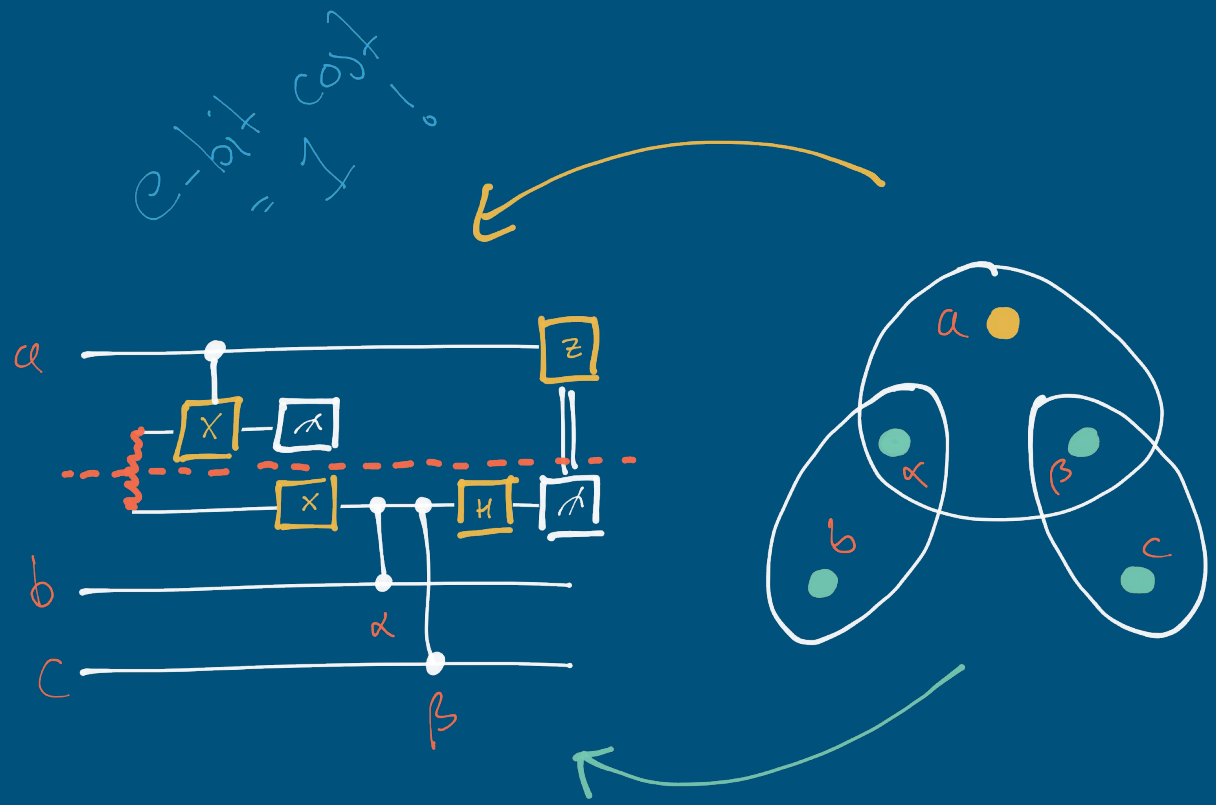




Optimal local implementation of non-local quantum gates


a
b
c
d


b
c
d
a



Automated distribution of quantum circuits via hypergraph partitioning

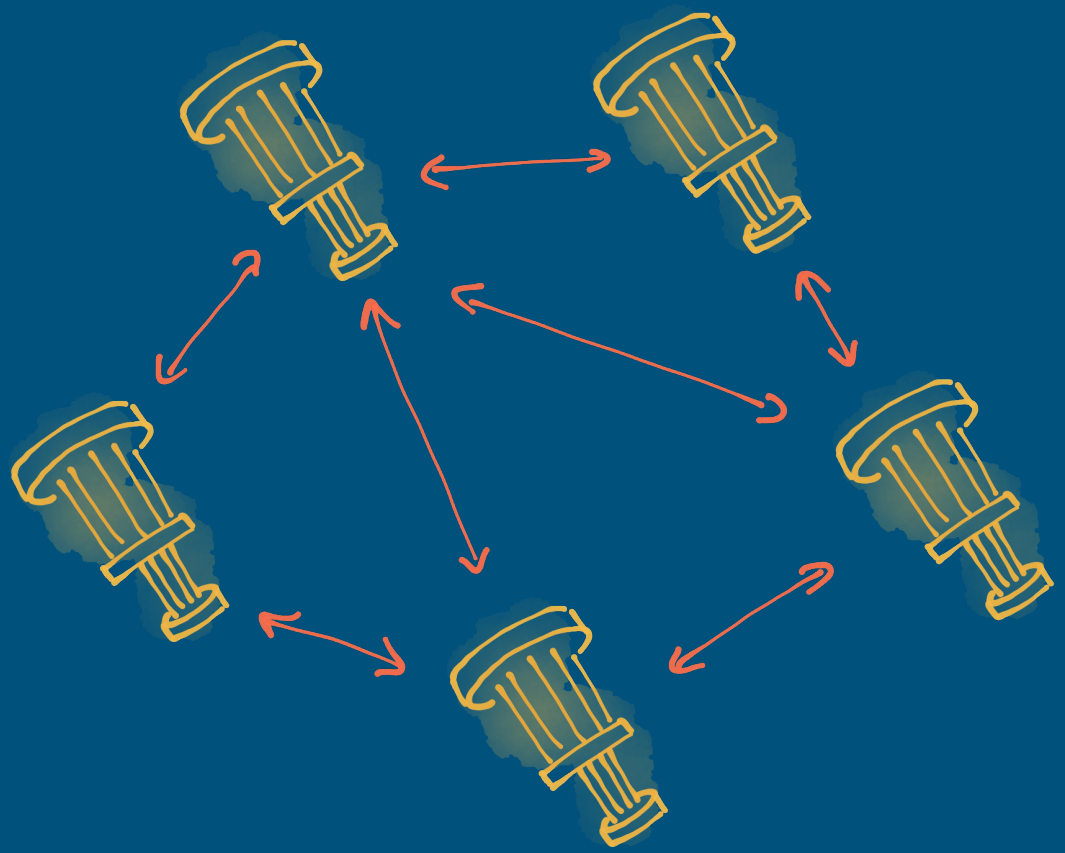
Heterogeneous Networks

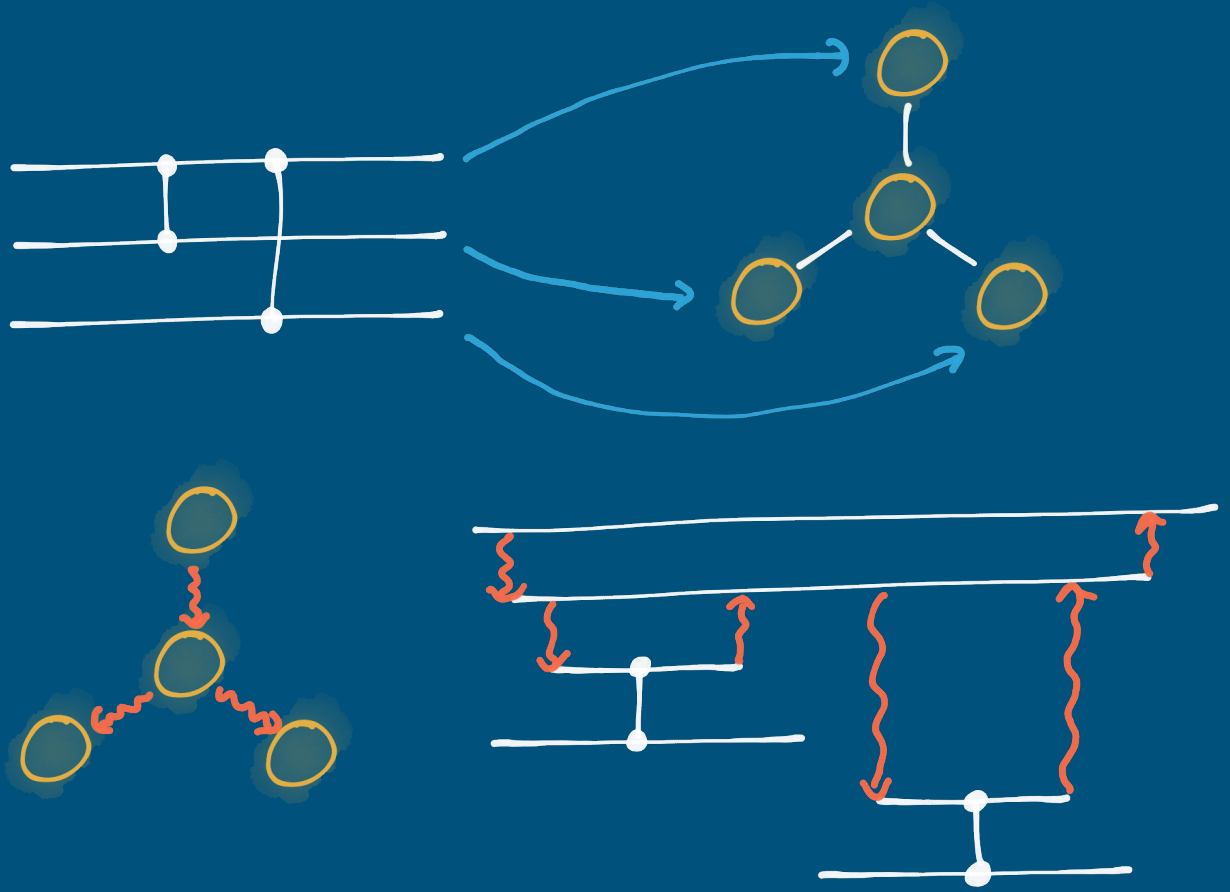
New problems:

- Modules of different sizes.
- Entanglement distribution.
- Qubit allocation and non-local gate distribution.

Additionally:

- Embedding.





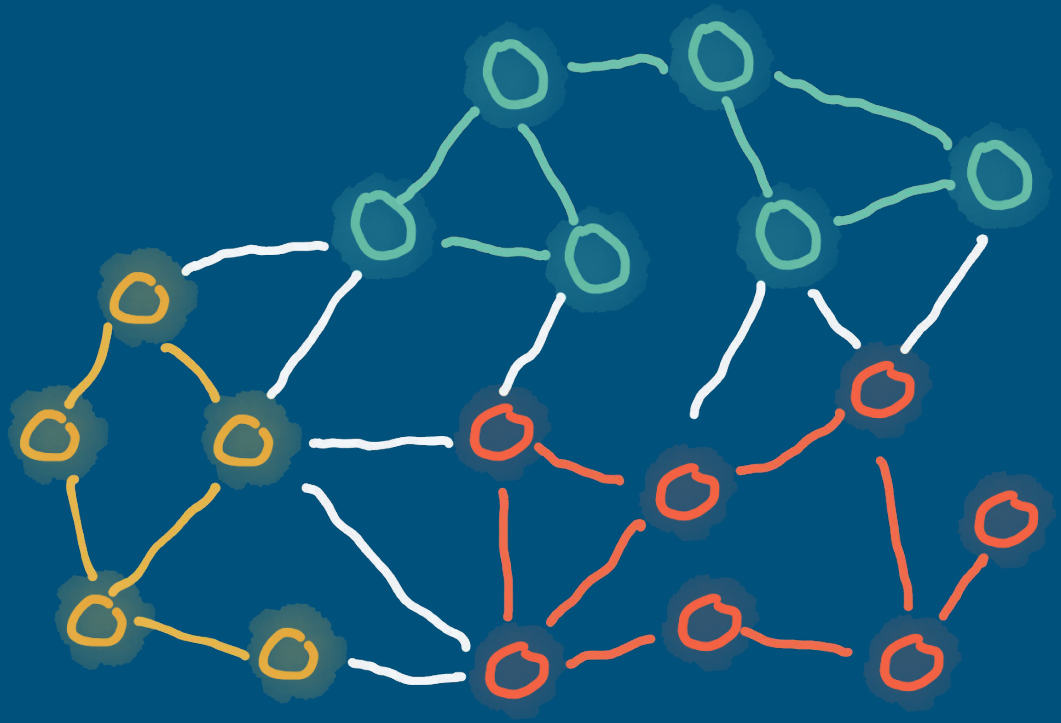
Qubit Allocation and Non-Local Gate Distribution

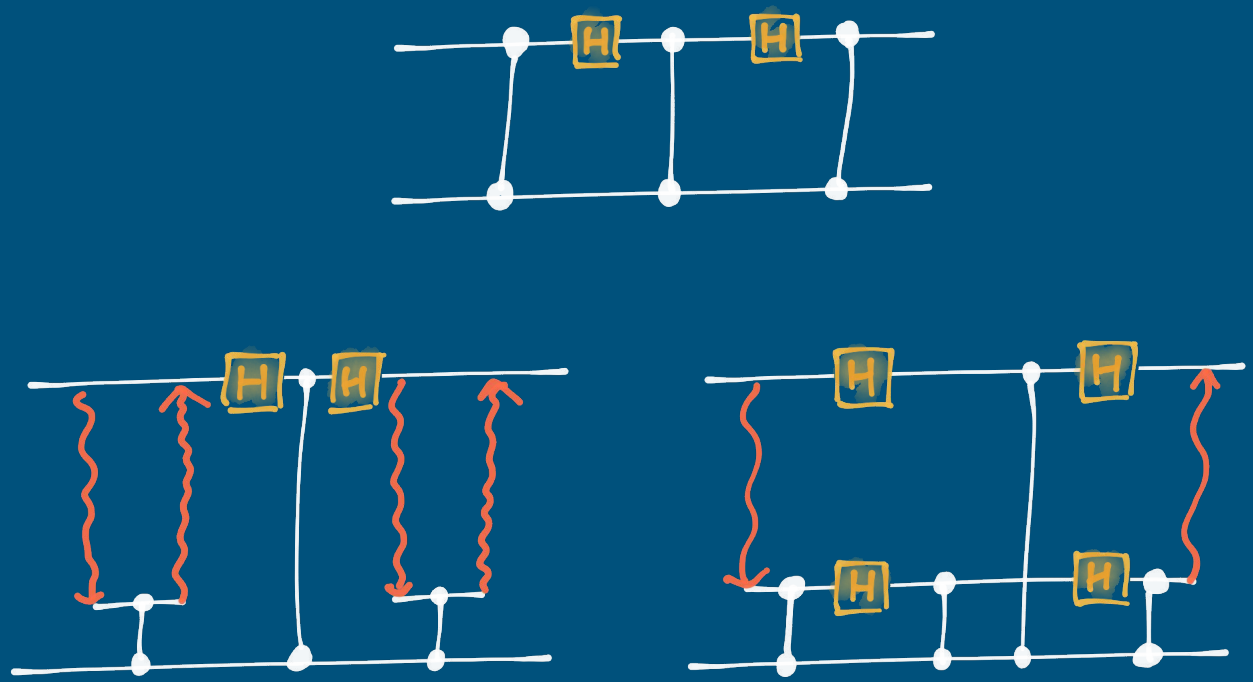
Rounds of updates:

- Move vertices to new module:
  - Gates move freely.
  - Qubits memory bound.
- Calculate cost.
- Rollback or commit.

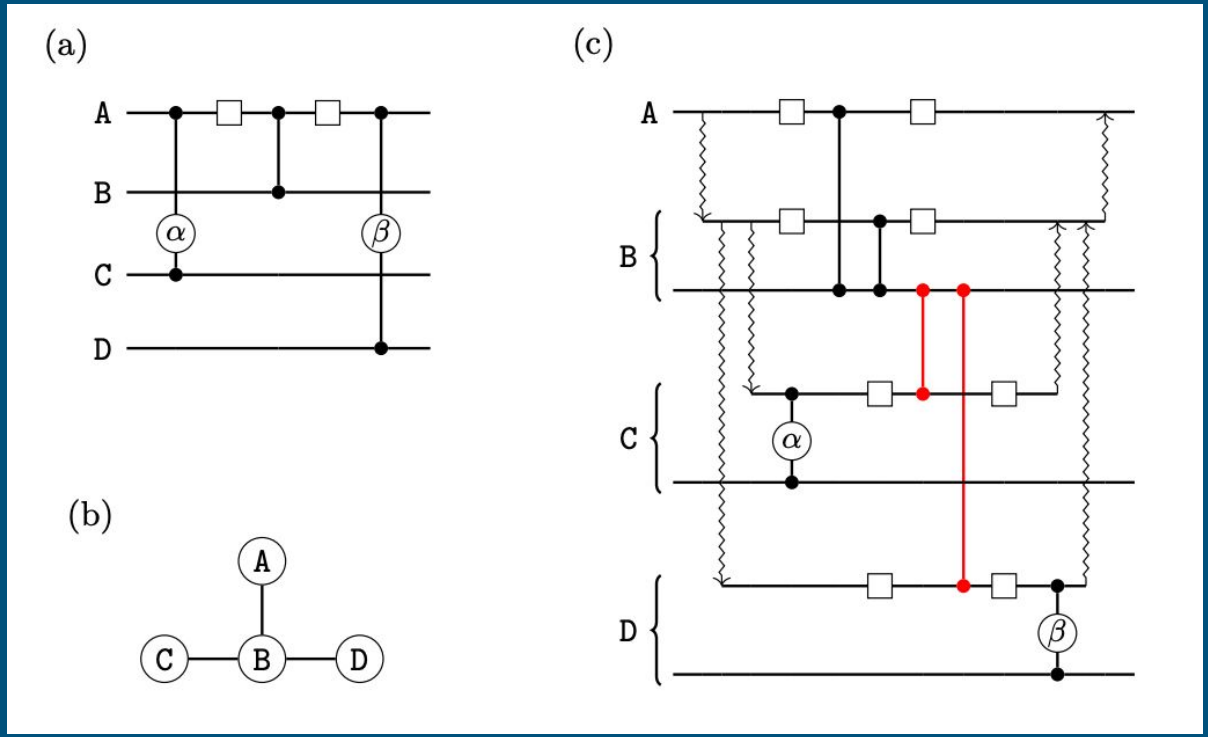
Two techniques:

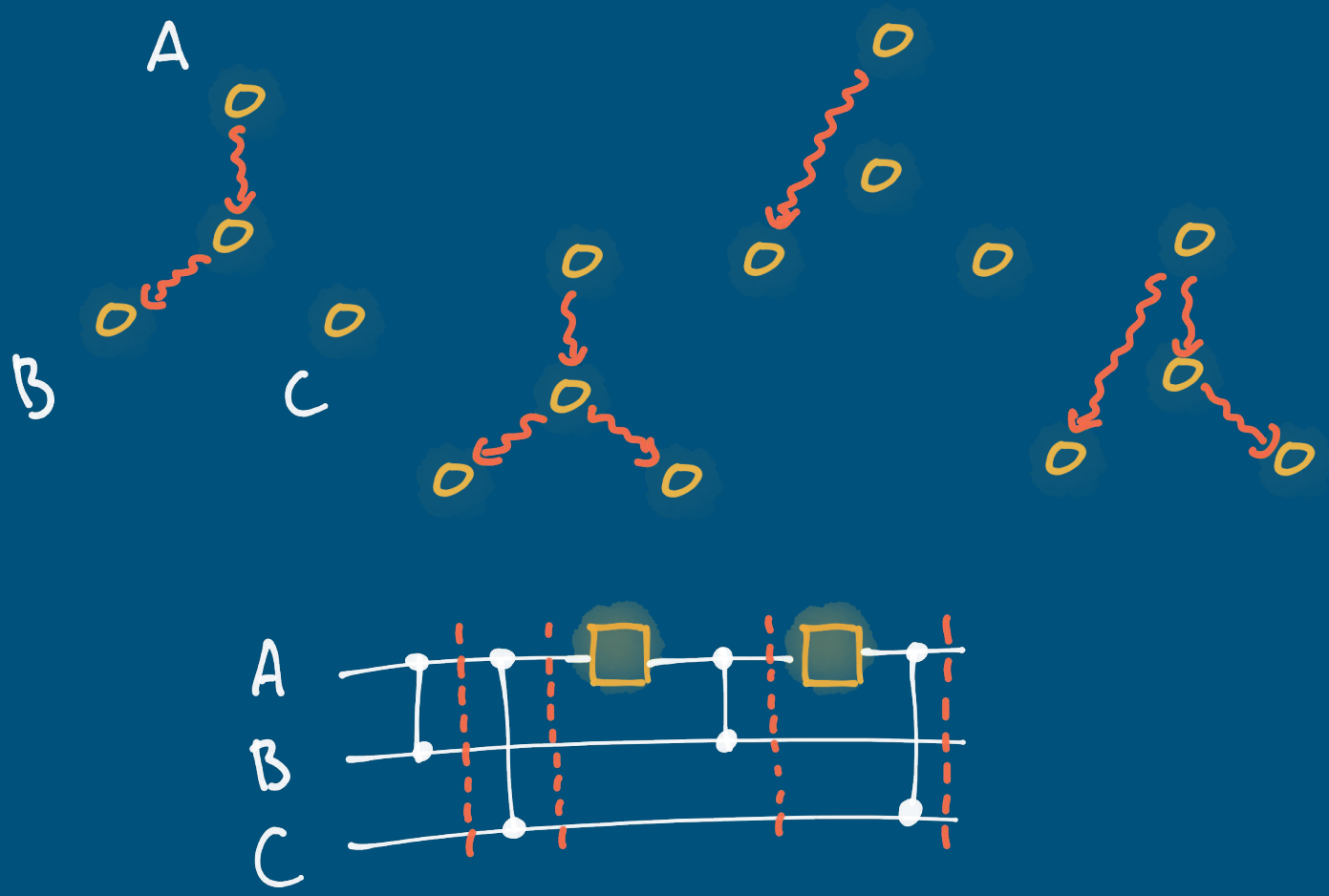
- General purpose annealing.
- Modified graph partitioning.





Entanglement-efficient bipartite-distributed quantum computing with entanglement-assisted packing processes


(a)
A
B
α
β
C
D
(b)
A
C
B
D
(c)
A
B
C
α
D
β


A
B
C
A
B
C

Remarks

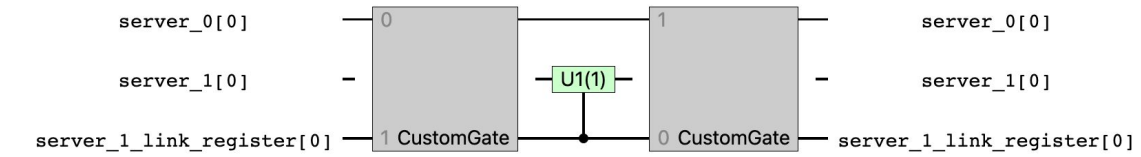
- Application benchmarks
- Homogeneous networks
- Bound link qubit registers
- Circuit generation
- pytket-dqc

```python
from pytket_dqc.distributors import CoverEmbedding
from pytket_dqc import NISQNetwork, DQCPass
from pytket import Circuit
from pytket.circuit.display import render_circuit_jupyter

network = NISQNetwork([[0,1]], {0:[0], 1:[1]})

circ = Circuit(2).CZ(0,1)
render_circuit_jupyter(circ)

DQCPass().apply(circ)
distribution = CoverEmbedding().distribute(circ, network, seed=0)
circ_with_dist = distribution.to_pytket_circuit()
render_circuit_jupyter(circ_with_dist)
```



Cheers

arxiv.org/abs/2305.14148

Distributing circuits over heterogeneous, modular quantum computing network architectures

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Entanglement-efficient bipartite-distributed quantum computing with entanglement-assisted packing processes

arxiv.org/abs/2212.12688

Benchmarks and Implementation

Automated Distribution of Quantum Circuits with pytket-dqc

- Rebase to CRz
- Qubit allocation
- Gate packing
- Non-local gate distribution
- Refinement
- Circuit generation

Key Findings

- Each refinement improves the median cost of Pauli Gadget circuits.
- Refinement has little effect on Quantum Volume circuits.
- Techniques combined perform best